Water-Efficient Labeling and the Large Utility

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Water Conservation Program

Advantages of Water Efficiency Labeling

- ▲ Consumer awareness
- Program savings and symbiosis
- Market transformation

Consumer Awareness

- ▲ Currently little information available on water efficiency
- ▲ Few products show water usage
- ▲ Uninformed choices lead to water waste and market inefficiencies
- → Higher visibility would increase customer awareness of overall need for water conservation

Program Savings/Symbiosis

- ▲ Less research required to run a program
- ▲ Easier marketing
- Reduce barriers to small utilities, allowing more to implement conservation programs

Market Transformation

- ▲ Increased information leads to better informed choices
- ▲ Increase demand for efficient products, driving market away from wasteful products

Past Indicator of Success

- ▲ Energy Policy Act of 1992
 - ▲ Created savings for all utilities
 - ▲ Savings were built into Senate Bill 1 projections
 - ▲ Only conservation that many small utilities can manage

Lesson Learned

▲ Durability of both product and savings and performance of product should be part of testing process

Will Labeling Work for Commercial Products

- Not in the same way as retail labels for residential products
- Perhaps in product catalogues or as a sales tool

Potential Savings from Labeling Commercial Products in Austin

- ▲ Large commercial laundry equipment
- ▲ Commercial dishwashers
- ▲ Commercial ice machines
- Dental and medical vacuum pumps
- ▲ Food steamers
- ▲ Pre-rinse spray valves

Commercial Laundry Equipment

- Current machines average approx. 3 galper pound
- ▲ Water Star: <2.5 gallons per pound
- ▲ Approx. 600 machines in Austin
- ▲ Increasing efficiency from 3.0 to 2.5 gallons per pound would save over 300,000 gallons per day

Commercial Dishwashers

- ▲ Currently use 1 to 5 gallons per rack
- ▲ Water Star: <1.3 gallons per rack
- ▲ Approx. 2500 machines in Austin
- ▲ Increasing efficiency by .25 gallons per rack would save 22,000 gallons per day

Commercial Ice Machines

- ▲ Current machines use 12 to 400 gallons per 100 lbs of ice
- ▲ Water Star: <19 gallons/100 lbs of ice; no water cooled machines
- Approx 6,000 machines each making an average of 500 pounds a day
- ▲ Savings of just 3 gallons per pound would save 90,000 gallons per day
- ▲ Eliminating water cooled machines would increase savings to 150,000 gallons per day

Dental and Medical Vacuum Pumps

- ▲ Liquid Ring pumps use approx. 750 gallons per day
- → Water Star: vacuum pumps that do not use water
- ▲ Approximately 150 liquid ring pumps in dental offices in Austin
- ▲ Replacing with vacuum pumps would save 112,500 gallons per day

Food Steamers

- ▲ Boiler types use 20 to 50 gallons/hour
- ▲ Approx 1,000 in Austin; half are boiler types
- ▲ Replacing boiler steamers would save over 150,000 gallons per day

Pre-rinse Spray Valves

- ▲ Current valves use 1 to 6 gpm
- ▲ Water Star: <2 gallons per minute
- ▲ Approx 2500 in Austin
- Replacing with efficient valves, saving 100 gallons per day, would save 250,000 gallons per day

Potential Savings from Residential Product Labeling

- ▲ Showerheads
- ▲ Toilets
- ▲ Clotheswashers
- ▲ Dishwashers
- ▲ Irrigation Systems

Showerheads

- ▲ Current standard: 2.5 gpm
- ▲ Water Star: 1.5-2.0 gallons per minute
- ▲ Approx 270,000 showerheads in Austin
- ▲ Savings of 1,900,000 gallons per day

Toilets

- ▲ Current standard: 1.6 gpf; no flapper standard
- ▲ Water Star:
 - ▲ Level 1: high performance 1.6 gpf with standard replacement flapper
 - ▲ Level 2: Dual flush
 - 1.6 gpf with standard replacement flapper
 - 0.8-1.0 gpf short flush
- ▲ Savings would depend on mix installed, with high performance toilets saving .5-2.5 gpf and dual flush toilets saving 25% over 1.6 gpf

Clotheswashers

- Current standard: 9.5 water factor in 2007
- ▲ Water Star:
 - ▲ Level 1: 8.5 water factor
 - ▲ Level 2: 7.0 water factor
 - ▲ Level 3: 6.0 water factor

Dishwashers

No current water standard-washers use 5-12 gallons per normal load

- ▲ Water Star:
 - ▲ Level 1: 6 gallons/cycle
 - ▲ Level 2: 4 gallons/cycle

Irrigation Systems

- ▲ No current standards
- ▲ Water Star:
 - ▲ Level 1: maximum system output of 80% of ET without customer adjustment
 - ▲ Level 2: maximum system output of 60% of ET without customer adjustment
 - ▲ Durability and sustainability of savings very important

Water efficient labeling will be an effective method for promoting water efficiency for some products. Further analysis will determine which products provide the best opportunity.